CITY OF BELLE ISLE, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended September 30, 2014



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

- Table of Contents
- Letter of Transmittal
- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart
- Certificate of Achievement

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CITY OF BELLE ISLE, FLORIDA

1600 Nela Avenue Belle Isle, Florida 32809 (407) 851-7730 • FAX (407) 240-2222 www.cityofbelleislefl.org

February 13, 2015

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Commission And Citizens of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida* for the fiscal year ended 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the *City of Belle Isle* has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the *City of Belle Isle*'s financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the *City of Belle Isle*'s comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The *City of Belle Isle*'s financial statements have been audited by McDirmit Davis & Company LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the *City of Belle Isle* for the fiscal year ended, September 30, 2014 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the *City of Belle Isle*'s financial statements for the fiscal year ended, September 30, 2014 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The *City of Belle Isle*'s MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The *City of Belle Isle*, incorporated in 1924, is located in Central Florida. The *City of Belle Isle* is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing commission.

The *City of Belle Isle* operated under a mayor-commissioner form of government since 1924. However, in November 2003, a charter referendum was passed that changed the City to a commission/manager form of government, with an appointed City Manager, seven elected City Commissioners and a separately elected Mayor. The governing body is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager, clerk and attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of various departments. The Commission is elected on a non-partisan basis. Commission members serve three-year staggered terms and the mayor is elected to serve a three-year term.

The *City of Belle Isle* provides a full range of services, including general government, police, fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational activities.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the *City of Belle Isle*'s financial planning and control. The Commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the *City of Belle Isle*'s fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The City Manager can make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the City Commission. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for all funds.

City Highlights

The *City of Belle Isle* is a residential community located in the heart of Central Florida and surrounding beautiful Lake Conway. The City was formed by area residents in 1924 to protect Lake Conway and the beautiful, natural environment of the area. The City is 5.12 square miles in area with an estimated population of 6,404 residents based on the BEBR Bureau of Economic and Business Research.

The goal of the City is to be Central Florida's premier community where residents and business can thrive in a healthy environment centered on Lake Conway with the support of a responsive city government.

The mission of the City is to preserve the quality of life and community identity and to provide needed services to our residents through careful and meaningful growth management and sound fiscal control.

Planned growth for the City includes those areas contiguous to the current city boundaries including the areas south and west of the City. Conservative fiscal management and growth has resulted in the *City of Belle Isle* becoming one of Orange County's most desirable communities.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the *City of Belle Isle* operates.

Local Economy - The *City of Belle Isle* remains in good stable financial shape; however the City must continue to be concerned with the actions of the Federal and State Governments. The Federal Government continues to apply taxing pressure to its states. The State of Florida is already experiencing large deficits and in turn the states are pushing unfunded mandates to the local governments. Smaller Cities are forced to absorb these mandates. In some cases cities are dipping into reserves to backfill these deficits. The *City of Belle Isle* has stopped this trend while balancing the needs of the City infrastructure.

As a result of the desirability of lakefront living, the *City of Belle Isle* is experiencing an influx of newer residents with substantial financial resources. The City's marketing efforts have been directed at Medical City. Primarily a residential area, the property values and resale values of existing homes in the *City of Belle Isle* have stabilized compared to property values of the surrounding area.

Long-Term Financial Planning - Stormwater, drainage and paving projects continue to be among the City's highest priorities with a substantial portion of the five year Capital Improvements Program being designated towards improvements in those areas.

Parks beautification and barrier free accessibility is also being implemented through the City's community beautification program for enhancements to parks and open space within the City.

Relevant Financial Policies - Along with the annual budget, the City provides a comprehensive five- year projection. This plan details estimated personnel operating and capital costs for continuing operations and expansion plans for all City functions.

We are proud to say that we have transferred over \$500,000.00 into the City's general fund balance.

Major Initiatives - Despite the challenges related to the economy, the City has continued to work on various projects. In addition, the City completed a number of miscellaneous concrete sidewalk repairs during 2014. Paving of approximately 3.5 miles of City streets are scheduled for 2014.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government of Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the *City of Belle Isle* for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the government received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement's Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the governing commission for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the *City of Belle Isle*'s finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Keith Severns City Manager

rere Richardson

Tracey Richardson Finance Manager

CITY OF BELLE ISLE, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

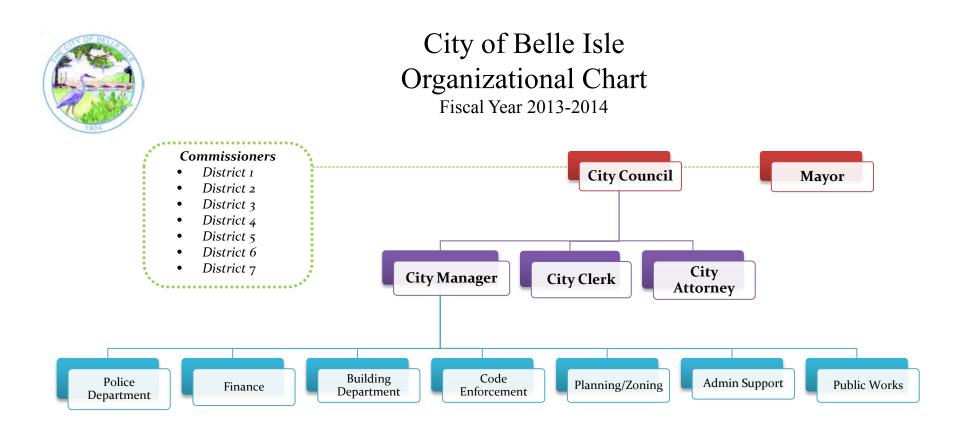
September 30, 2014

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Honorable Bill Brooks
District #1 City Commissioner	Ed Gold Jr.
District #2 City Commissioner	Keith Van Dyke
District #3 City Commissioner	Karl Shuck
District #4 City Commissioner	Laurence I. Ady
District #5 City Commissioner	Harvey Readey
District #6 City Commissioner	Lydia Pisano
District #7 City Commissioner	Sue Nielsen

CITY OFFICIALS

City Manager	Keith Severns
City Attorney	Frank Kruppenbacher
City Clerk	Yolanda Quiceno
Finance Manager	Tracey Richardson





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Belle Isle Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2013

hay R. E

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

- •
- Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis •
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary InformationCombining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules



MCDIRMIT /// DAVIS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners *City of Belle Isle, Florida*

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Cornerstone Charter High School or the Cornerstone Charter Academy (the "Charter Schools"), which are both blended component units of the City and major funds. These two major funds are 17 percent, 30 percent, and 58 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the governmental activities. The Charter Schools' financial statements as of June 30, 2014 were audited by other auditors, whose reports thereon have been furnished to us and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Charter Schools, are based solely on the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements.

MCDIRMIT DAVIS & COMPANY, LLC

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 to 10 and 33 to 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the *City of Belle Isle*'s financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditor, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 16, 2015 on our consideration of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

McDirmit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida February 16, 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the *City of Belle Isle*, *Florida* we offer readers of the *City of Belle Isle*'s financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the *City of Belle Isle* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the *City of Belle Isle* exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,442,775 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,618,370 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$1,088,801.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the *City of Belle Isle*'s governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,184,122, an increase of \$939,276 in comparison with the prior year. The general fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,643,156, which is 35% of total general fund expenditures.
- The *City of Belle Isle*'s total debt is \$10,676,129 at September 30, 2014. This includes Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, which are payable solely from the pledged lease revenue and neither the property, nor the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, is pledged as security for the payment of the Bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the *City of Belle Isle*'s (the City) basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the *City of Belle Isle*'s finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

Since the *City of Belle Isle* has no business-type activities such as water and sewer systems, the government-wide financial statements include only governmental activities. The governmental activities of the *City of Belle Isle* include general government, public safety and physical environment.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The *City of Belle Isle*, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The *City of Belle Isle* has five governmental funds - the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and three special revenue funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The *City of Belle Isle* adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund, debt service fund and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Also, the Charter Schools adopt annual an appropriated budget for each school. The budget for each school is included in the Required Supplementary Information section after the Notes to the Financial Statements since both Charter Schools are major special revenue funds of the City. Separately issued audited financial statements for the Charter Schools are available from Ms. Ana Martinez at Academia Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - CONTINUED

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the *City of Belle Isle*, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,442,775 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

City of Belle Isle Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2014	2013		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 6,096,846 16,935,731	\$ 5,601,314 16,946,040		
Total assets	23,032,577	22,547,354		
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities Total liabilities	10,676,129 503,473 11,179,602	10,934,987 1,258,393 12,193,380		
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	7,244,583 2,579,822 1,618,370 \$ 11,442,775	7,001,677 2,205,586 1,146,711 \$ 10,353,974		

Sixty-three percent (63%) of the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position, \$2,579,822 (23%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$1,618,370 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the *City of Belle Isle* is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position.

The City's net position increased by \$1,088,801 during the current fiscal year, as shown on the following page.

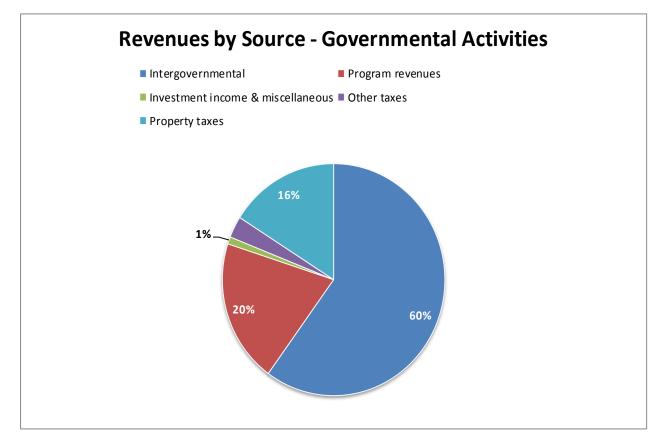
Statement of Activities

Governmental activities increased the *City of Belle Isle*'s net position by \$1,088,801. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

City of Belle Isle Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	20	14		2013
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,9	938,080	\$	1,710,831
Operating grants and contributions	4	136,178		771,226
Capital grants and contributions		608,518		304,156
	2,9	982,776		2,786,213
General revenues:				
Property taxes	-	179,107		2,392,337
Franchise and utility taxes		10,408		409,916
Intergovernmental	,	995,459		7,725,730
Investment income and miscellaneous	1	155,053		49,285
	12,0	040,027		10,577,268
Total revenues	15,0	022,803		13,363,481
Expenses:				
General government	1,1	184,379		1,425,899
Public safety	2,5	544,994		2,425,114
Physical environment	1,2	268,403		1,294,967
Human services	8,3	307,234		6,579,138
Interest on long-term debt	6	628,992		594,659
Total expenses	13,9	934,002		12,319,777
Increase in Net Position	1,0)88,801		1,043,704
Net Position- beginning	10,3	353,974		9,310,270
Net Position- ending	\$ 11,4	142,775	\$	10,353,974

Increase in revenue of around \$200,000 primarily relates to the City collecting additional rent from the Charter Schools, which was driven by increased enrollment at the Schools.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the *City of Belle Isle* used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the *City of Belle Isle*'s financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the largest fund of the *City of Belle Isle*, *Florida*. The general fund balance increased by \$564,949 primarily because of a decrease in physical environment expenditures such as resurfacing and improvements to roads and streets. In addition, there was an increase of \$200,000 in general fund revenue, primarily intergovernmental and property taxes.

The Cornerstone Charter High School fund balance increased \$195,825 and the Cornerstone Charter Academy fund balance decreased \$104,259. Both schools experienced increased revenues due to increased enrollment, but the increases were offset by capital outlay.

The debt service fund balance increased \$146,948 due to rental income from the charter schools in excess of debt service requirements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal 2014 year, actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues in the General Fund by approximately \$300,000. Also, expenditures were less than budgeted by approximately \$800,000 mainly due to planned capital outlays being delayed until 2015.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The *City of Belle Isle*'s investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2014, amounts to \$16,935,731 (net of accumulated depreciation), as detailed below. The greatest increase was in land and buildings due to the purchase of the Charter Schools property.

City of Belle Isle <u>Capital Assets</u> (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
		2014		2013
Land	\$	1,385,823	\$	1,385,823
Construction in Progress		28,002		28,002
Buildings		7,088,712		7,283,908
Improvements		796,554		871,128
Machinery and Equipment		324,736		353,357
Equipment and Textbooks - Charter Schools		1,959,321		1,353,388
Intangibles		29,183		39,171
Infrastructure		5,323,400		5,631,263
Total	\$	16,935,731	\$	16,946,040

Additional information on the *City of Belle Isle*'s capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the *City of Belle Isle* had total debt outstanding of \$10,642,966. This debt includes leases on the acquisition of equipment, bonds payable to the Florida Municipal Loan Council, and Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, which are nonrecourse. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 10 of this report.

City of Belle Isle Long-Term Debt

	 Governmental Activities				
	 2014		2013		
Capital Lease Payable	\$ 92,966	\$	45,088		
Bonds Payable	10,550,000		10,850,000		
	\$ 10,642,966	\$	10,895,088		

Next Year's Budget and Rates

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the general fund increased to \$1,643,156 and management did not appropriate any of this balance of this for spending in 2015.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the *City of Belle Isle*'s finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the office of the Finance Manager, *City of Belle Isle*, 1600 Nela Avenue, Belle Isle, FL 32809.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2014

	Governmen Activities		
Assets:			
Cash	\$	5,634,091	
Investments		31,264	
Accounts receivable		4,502	
Due from other governments		272,260	
Prepaid items		154,729	
Capital assets:			
Not being depreciated		1,413,825	
Being depreciated, net		15,521,906	
Total assets		23,032,577	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		43,221	
Accrued liabilities		383,470	
Accrued interest payable		949	
Matured bonds and interest payable		410,200	
Unearned revenue		75,833	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year		245,367	
Due in more than one year		10,430,762	
Total liabilities		11,589,802	
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets		7,244,583	
Restricted for:			
Debt service		531,377	
Stormwater		456,395	
Charter Schools		1,462,139	
Other purposes		129,911	
Unrestricted		1,618,370	
Total net position	\$	11,442,775	

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



CITY OF BELLE ISLE, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2014

					Prog	ram Revenu	le		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		Charges For Services		perating and htributions		Capital and ntributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government:		•							
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	1,184,379	\$	-	\$	11,834	\$	-	\$ (1,172,545)
Public Safety		2,544,994		40,943		6,875		10,853	(2,486,323)
Physical Environment		1,268,403		853,785		212,641		-	(201,977)
Human Services		8,307,234		180,380		204,828		597,665	(7,324,361)
Interest on Long-term debt		628,992		862,972		-		-	233,980
Total governmental activities	\$	13,934,002	\$ ´	,938,080	\$	436,178	\$	608,518	(10,951,226)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
Property taxes	2,479,107
Franchise and utility taxes	410,408
Intergovernmental- unrestricted	8,995,459
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,725
Miscellaneous	153,328
Total general revenues	12,040,027
Change in net position	1,088,801
Net Position - beginning	10,353,974
Net Position - ending	\$ 11,442,775

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



CITY OF BELLE ISLE, FLORIDA

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2014

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Cornerstone Charter High School *	Cornerstone Charter Academy *	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,489,031	\$ 1,978,554	\$ 166,631	\$ 1,416,594	\$ 583,281	\$ 5,634,091
Investments	31,264	-	-	-	-	31,264
Due from other funds	-	-	12,500	-	-	12,500
Accounts receivable	1,627	-	-	-	2,875	4,502
Due from other governments	139,285	-	100,000	32,975	-	272,260
Prepaid items	1,353		69,940	83,286	150	154,729
Total assets	\$ 1,662,560	\$ 1,978,554	\$ 349,071	\$ 1,532,855	\$ 586,306	\$ 6,109,346
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 4,564	\$-	\$-	\$ 38,657	\$-	\$ 43,221
Due to other funds	-	-	-	12,500	-	12,500
Matured bonds payable	-	125,000	-	-	-	125,000
Matured interest payable	-	285,200	-	-	-	285,200
Accrued liabilities	14,840	-	62,387	306,243	125,000	508,470
Unearned revenue		75,833				75,833
Total liabilities	19,404	486,033	62,387	357,400	125,000	1,050,224
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	1,353	-	69,940	83,286	-	154,579
Restricted	-	1,492,521	216,744	1,092,169	586,306	3,387,740
Unassigned	1,641,803					1,641,803
Total fund balances	1,643,156	1,492,521	286,684	1,175,455	586,306	5,184,122
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,662,560	\$ 1,978,554	\$ 349,071	\$ 1,532,855	\$ 711,306	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fund resources and,

therefore, are not reported in the funds 16,935,731 Some liabilites, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds (10,677,078) \$ 11,442,775

Net position of governmental activities

* As of June 30, 2014

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2014

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Cornerstone Charter High School	Cornerstone Charter Academy *	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 2,479,107	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,479,107	
Franchise and utility	410,408	-	-	-	-	410,408	
Licenses and permits	134,284	-	-	-	-	134,284	
Intergovernmental	1,429,218	-	2,186,181	6,412,922	-	10,028,321	
Charges for services	544,934	-	-	180,380	163,173	888,487	
Impact fees	1,957	-	-	-	2,437	4,394	
Fines and forfeitures	44,310	-	-	-	3,633	47,943	
Investment income	360	111	-	-	1,254	1,725	
Miscellaneous	50,141	862,972	161	125,090	-	1,038,364	
Total revenues	5,094,719	863,083	2,186,342	6,718,392	170,497	15,033,033	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	988,079	-	-	-	-	988,079	
Public safety	2,547,179	-	-	-	-	2,547,179	
Physical environment	806,820	20,735	-	-	34,684	862,239	
Human Services	-	-	2,090,517	6,822,651	-	8,913,168	
Debt service:							
Principal	214,634	125,000	-	-	-	339,634	
Interest and other charges	60,570	570,400		-		630,970	
Total expenditures	4,617,282	716,135	2,090,517	6,822,651	34,684	14,281,269	
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures	477,437	146,948	95,825	(104,259)	135,813	751,764	
Other Financing Sources(Uses):							
Capital leases	87,512	-	-	-	-	87,512	
Recovery of financial resources	-	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	
Total other financing sources	87,512		100,000		-	187,512	
Net change in fund balances	564,949	146,948	195,825	(104,259)	135,813	939,276	
Fund Balances - beginning	1,078,207	1,345,573	90,859	1,279,714	450,493	4,244,846	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 1,643,156	\$ 1,492,521	\$ 286,684	\$ 1,175,455	\$ 586,306	\$ 5,184,122	

* As of June 30, 2014



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$ 939,276
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$1,283,395 was more than depreciation of \$1,283,474 in the current period.	(79)
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of debt as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	252,122
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,518)
Recovery of financial resources reported in the funds in the current year must be eliminated from the statement of activities since revenue was recognized in the prior year.	 (100,000)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,088,801



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The *City of Belle Isle, Florida* (the "City") was incorporated April 25, 1924 under the Laws of Florida 75-329. The City operates under a commission/manager form of government, with an appointed City Manager, seven elected City Commissioners, and a separately elected Mayor. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (fire and law enforcement), highways and streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The City also provides to its residents educational facilities with the two (2) Charter Schools that it owns and operates. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity - The City's financial reporting entity comprises the City of Belle Isle as the primary government with two blended component units. Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet component unit criteria described by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Cornerstone Charter High School and Cornerstone Charter Academy are considered blended component units since their governing body is substantially the same as the City's elected commission and there is a financial burden relationship between them. The Charter Agreement with the School Board of Orange County indicates that the charter is between the School Board and the City of Belle Isle. The City of Belle Isle established The City of Belle Isle Charter Schools, Inc., a not-for-profit organization under the laws of Florida, to execute and hold the Charter and operate the Charter Schools on behalf of the City. Both Charter Schools were audited by other auditors who issued audit reports for the year ended June 30, 2014. These audited financial statements may be obtained from the management company Academia.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. Since the City has no business-type activities, only governmental activities are reported on the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (**Continued**) - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund, and is always classified as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the lease revenue received from the Charter Schools included as blended component units. The lease revenue is used to pay the debt service on the Series 2012 Lease Revenue Bonds issued by the City in October 2012 as well as repairs and maintenance to the Schools as required by the lease agreement.

Cornerstone Charter High School special revenue fund accounts for revenues received from Orange County School District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) restricted to operation of the charter high school.

Cornerstone Charter Academy special revenue fund accounts for revenues received from Orange County School through the FEFP restricted to operation of the charter academy.

The government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Transportation impact fee special revenue fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development which are restricted for transportation related improvements.

Stormwater special revenue fund is used to account for stormwater management operations and related capital improvements.

Law enforcement education special revenue fund is used to account for revenues received pursuant to Florida Statues, which imposes a \$2.00 court cost against persons convicted for violations of criminal statutes. Funds must be used to educate and train law enforcement personnel.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments - The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The City's investments consist of investments authorized per their investment policy adopted in accordance with section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The Charter Schools capitalize assets with a cost of \$2,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the City is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	5 - 15
Infrastructure	25 - 40
Machinery & Equipment	5 - 15
Equipment & Textbooks-Charter Schools	3 - 5
Intangibles	3 - 5

Compensated Absences - The City's personnel policies permit full time employees to accrue personal leave time based upon length of service with the City. This paid time off (PTO) may be used for vacation, sick leave, or doctor appointments. Unused PTO will be paid to employees upon separation from City service at 50% after completion of one year of service. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. A liability for these amounts is reported in the general fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued) -

Long Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City does not have any item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Net Position Flow Assumption - Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions - Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued) -

Fund Balance Policies - Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Commission is authorized to assign fund balance. The commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$10,677,078 difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ 10,550,000
Add: Issuance premium (to be amortized over life of debt)	9,326
Accrued Interest Payable	949
Capital Lease Payable	92,966
Compensated Absences	 23,837
	\$ 10,677,078

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$2,518 difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ 5,734
Accrued Interest	976
Loss on Disposal of Capital Asset	(10,230)
Amortization of Premium	 1,002
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (2,518)

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before the first Commission meeting in August, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for all of the City's funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The City cannot legally exceed the budget; however, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department. Any revisions that change the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Commission. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all of the City's funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued):

A. Budgetary Information (Continued):

5. Budgeted amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year. Encumbrance accounting is not employed. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year and are reappropriated in the ensuing year.

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations:

The Cornerstone Charter Academy had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$104,259 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Note 4 - Cash and Investments:

Following are the components of the City's cash and investments at September 30, 2014:

Cash Investments	\$ 5,634,091 31,264
	\$ 5,665,355

Deposits - All of the City's deposits are at institutions which are Qualified Public Depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes. Therefore, all bank deposits are entirely insured or collateralized by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of Treasury.

Investments - Since the Charter Schools are not-for-profit corporations, they are not required by Florida Statutes to have an investment policy like the City. They have no Investments at September 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 4 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

Investments (Continued) - The City's investment policies are governed by State Statutes and City ordinances. City ordinance allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- 1. The State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool (SBA);
- 2. Securities and Exchange Commission Registered Money Market Funds;
- 3. Savings accounts and certificates of deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories;
- 4. The Florida Municipal Investment Trust, administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc.
- 5. U.S. Government Agency Securities and U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds;
- 6. Overnight bank sweep accounts.

The SBA is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the State of Florida does provide regulatory oversight. The Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund for the Florida Prime Fund; therefore, the pool net asset value per share can be used as fair value for financial reporting.

Investments made by the *City of Belle Isle* at September 30, 2014 are summarized below. In accordance with GASB 31, investments are reported at fair value.

			Weighted
			Average
Investment Type	Fair Valu	e Credit Rating	Maturity
Florida PRIME	\$ 31,2	AAAm	39 days

Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 4 - Cash and Investments (Continued):

Custodial Credit Risk:

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2014, all of the City's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2014, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The City's investment policy requires diversification, but does not specify limits on types of investments.

Interest Rate Risk:

The City's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk; however the general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing primarily in pooled investments that have a weighted average maturity of less than three months.

Note 5 - Property Tax:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and payable by March 31. The County bills and collects property taxes. Collections of the property taxes by the county and remittance of them to the City are accounted for in the general fund. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 5 - Property Tax (Continued):

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State to levy taxes up to \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services for the year ended September 30, 2014, was 4.4018 per \$1,000 which means the City has a tax margin of 5.5982 per \$1,000 and could raise up to \$3,264,292 before discount, additional each year from the present assessed valuation of \$583,096,795 before the limit is reached.

Note 6 - Charter School Management Agreements:

Both Cornerstone Charter High School and Cornerstone Charter Academy have entered into a management agreement with Academia Central Florida, LLC, a professional charter school management company. Academia provides management and administrative services to the Charter Schools including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, and financial reporting.

The agreements between the Schools and Academia calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is for a period of five years, through June 30, 2015, and unless terminated by the Board of Directors shall be renewed along with any renewals to the Charter Agreement. The Charter Agreement with The School Board of Orange County, Florida expires on June 30, 2027.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 7 - Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,385,823	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,385,823
Construction in progress	28,002			28,002
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	1,413,825			1,413,825
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,776,250	_	_	7,776,250
Improvements	1,264,147	3,960	_	1,268,107
Machinery & equipment	1,193,402	130,227	(19,800)	1,303,829
Equipment & textbooks-Charter schools	2,066,909	1,123,240	(10,000)	3,190,149
Intangibles	48,858	-, -	-	48,858
Infrastructure	7,621,694	25,968		7,647,662
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,971,260	1,283,395	(19,800)	21,234,855
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(492,342)	(195,196)	-	(687,538)
Improvements	(393,019)	(78,534)	-	(471,553)
Machinery & equipment	(840,045)	(148,618)	9,570	(979,093)
Equipment & textbooks-Charter schools	(713,521)	(517,307)	-	(1,230,828)
Intangibles	(9,687)	(9,988)	-	(19,675)
Infrastructure	(1,990,431)	(333,831)		(2,324,262)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,439,045)	(1,283,474)	9,570	(5,712,949)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	15,532,215	(79)	(10,230)	15,521,906
•			, · /	· · ·
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,946,040	\$ (79)	\$ (10,230)	\$ 16,935,731

Depreciation expenses were charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

General Government	\$ 193,362
Public Safety	135,454
Physical Environment	437,352
Human Services	 517,306
	\$ 1,283,474

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 8 - Retirement Plans:

Employees Defined Contribution Plans - The City is a participant in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, a multiple employer 401(a) defined contribution plan. The plan is established and administered by and can be amended under the authority of the Florida League of Cities, Inc. All full-time employees not employed by the Charter Schools are eligible to participate in the plan after one year of service. As soon as an employee is eligible to participate in the plan, contributions are made by the City. Under this plan, the City contributes 4% of the employees' eligible wages. The contribution rate is established by the City Commission. Employees do not participate in the plan funding. Employees are 100% vested upon completion of five years of service. No fixed benefits are paid or payable upon retirement. At September 30, 2014, there were 31 participants in the plan.

During the year ended September 30, 2014, the City contributed \$34,685 to the plan. The total contribution is approximately 4% of the current year's covered payroll. The City has no unfunded liability under this plan.

Both of the Charter Schools included in these financial statements participate in the ADP Total Source Retirement Savings Plan, which is established and can by amended by the plan sponsor, ADP Total Source Group, Inc. The plan is a multiple employer 401(k) plan and all full-time Charter School employees who have been employed for at least one year are eligible. This plan permits voluntary contributions from employees, based on a salary reduction agreement, and provide for discretionary employer matching contributions up to 4% of employees' compensation. At September 30, 2014, there were 103 total participants who were eligible to participate. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$7,248 and \$24,897 for the Charter High School and Charter Academy, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The City also participates in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan, a multiple employer plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (the 457 Plan). The 457 Plan, available to all full-time employees immediately upon employment, permits participants to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. The plan is established and administered by, and can be amended under the authority of the Florida League of Cities, Inc. The City is not required and does not contribute to the 457 Plan. At September 30, 2014, there were 10 plan participants. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All assets of these plans are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries, and are not accounted for in the City's financial statements.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits:

Pursuant to Resolution 10-15, the City has elected not to make continuation of group health insurance through the City's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt:

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	De	ductions		Ending Balance	ie Within ne Year
Capital Leases	\$ 45,088	\$	87,512	\$	39,634	\$	92,966	\$ 42,983
Revenue Bonds	10,850,000		-		300,000	1	0,550,000	200,000
Unamortized Premium	10,328		-		1,002		9,326	-
Compensated Absences	29,571		33,096		38,830		23,837	2,384
	\$ 10,934,987	\$	120,608	\$	379,466	\$ 1	0,676,129	\$ 245,367

Capital Lease - The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore have been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments of the inception date. A summary of equipment acquired through capital lease is as follows:

	Governme Activitie		
Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	203,755 (88,273)	
	\$	115,482	

The future minimum lease obligations of the minimum lease payments at September 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	ernmental ctivities
2015	\$ 48,586
2016	48,586
2017	 2,639
Total Minimum Lease Payments	99,811
Less: amount representing interest	 (6,845)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 92,966

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Revenue Bonds - The City has entered into two loan agreements with the Florida Municipal Loan Council (FMLC), whereby the FMLC issued Revenue Bonds and made loans to several cities including Belle Isle. The purpose of these loans was to provide funds for various capital improvements.

The 2003B loan was secured by pledged communication services tax revenue and was paid off in 2014. For the year ended September 30, 2014 principal and interest paid was \$112,888 and total communication services tax revenue pledged for the year was \$248,568.

The 2006 loan is secured by a covenant to appropriate in the annual budget the amount of non-ad valorem revenues to satisfy repayment. Total principal and interest remaining on the Series 2006 loan as of September 30, 2014 is \$1,360,489.

In October 2012, the City of Belle Isle issued Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, in the amount of \$9,625,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to finance the costs of acquisition of charter school facilities located within the City of Belle Isle. The City is leasing these facilities to the City of Belle Isle Charter Schools, Inc. pursuant to the Lease Agreement dated October 1, 2012. The Charter Schools are obligated to make base rent payments under the Lease in a total amount sufficient to pay all sinking fund installments of the 2012 Bonds until maturity in 2042. Under the Lease, all Charter School revenues are pledged to the payment of base rent to the City. See Note 14 for further discussion of Lease. The average annual debt service on these Bonds is \$700,000 per year. These Series 2012 Bonds are limited obligations of the City of Belle Isle payable solely out of the pledged revenues and neither the property, the full faith and credit, nor the taxing power of the City, is pledged as security for the payment of the Bonds.

Total principal and interest remaining on the Series 2012 Bonds as of September 30, 2014 is \$20,201,200. For the year ended September 30, 2014 interest paid was \$570,400 and total pledged revenue for the year was \$862,972.

Governmental Activities	Interest Rates and Dates	Maturity	Original Amount	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2014
Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2012	5.50% - 6.00% (4/1 & 10/1)	10/1/2042	\$ 9,625,000	\$	9,500,000
Florida Municipal Loan Council- Series 2006	4.00% - 5.00% (4/1 & 10/1)	10/1/2026	\$ 1,480,000		1,050,000
Total				\$	10,550,000

Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		
September, 30	Principal Interest		
2015	\$	200,000 \$	609,275
2016		210,000	598,600
2017		220,000	587,400
2018		235,000	575,675
2019		245,000	563,150
2020 - 2024	1,	440,000	2,614,682
2025 - 2029	1,	510,000	2,202,507
2030 - 2034	1,	725,000	1,752,000
2035 - 2039	2,	315,000	1,168,200
2040 - 2042	2,	450,000	340,200
	<u>\$ 10,</u>	550,000 \$	11,011,689

Note 11 - Line of Credit:

The City entered into a revolving line of credit agreement with a financial institution on July 19, 2012 for the amount of \$750,000. The interest rate is the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 50% floating with a floor of 4.5%. Repayment terms are interest only due monthly with maturity date of 12 months. The line of credit is unsecured. At September 30, 2014, the City had \$750,000 available on the line of credit to draw down.

Note 12 - Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss from the above is transferred by the City to various commercial insurers through the purchase of insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

Note 13 - Contingencies:

During the ordinary course of its operations, the City is a party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. In addition, although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel, these matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Note 14 - Lease Agreement

On October 1, 2012, the City of Belle Isle Charters Schools Inc. (the "Schools") entered into an educational facilities lease agreement with the City of Belle Isle. Pursuant to the Lease, the Schools are obligated to make payments of "Incremental Rent" to the City. Annual incremental rent shall equal \$700 multiplied by the total enrolled students for the schools, with minimum rent equaling the debt service requirements for the year. The Schools must also meet certain requirements and covenants under the lease agreement, including maintaining a "Debt Service Coverage Ratio" of at least 1.20 and maintaining 45 days cash and unrestricted available funds on hand. These covenants were met during the year ended September 30, 2014. The City received rent of \$862,972 during the year ended September 30, 2014. The City's budget for FYE 2015 includes annual rent to be received of \$910,000 based on an estimated student count of 1300. The estimated future minimum payments to be received by the City are as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	 Amount
2015	\$ 910,000
2016	910,000
2017	910,000
2018	910,000
2019	910,000
2020 - 2024	4,550,000
2025 - 2029	4,550,000
2030 - 2034	4,550,000
2035 - 2039	4,550,000
2040 - 2042	2,730,000

Following is a schedule of cost and accumulated depreciation of capital assets under the operating lease:

Land and Buildings	\$ 7,946,512
Accumulated Depreciation	 (339,826)
Capital Assets Held for Lease	\$ 7,606,686

Note 15 - Evaluation of Subsequent Events:

The City has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Original Final Taxes: Property taxes \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,479,107 \$ 34,613 Franchise fees and utility taxes 387,314 387,314 410,408 23,094 Licenses and permits 30,220 30,220 134,284 104,064 Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,429,218 61,340 Fines and forefitures 26,000 26,000 44,310 18,310 Charges for services 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,411 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5.094,719 302,287 Expenditures: Current: General government: 1,239,551 1,289,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 25,4172 Public safety: 1,212,219 1,171,424		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Taxes: Property taxes \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,447,917 \$ 34,613 Franchise fees and utility taxes 387,314 387,314 387,314 410,408 23,094 Licenses and permits 30,220 30,220 134,284 104,064 Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,367,878 1,429,218 61,340 Charges for services 524,716 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 7,200 7,97 6,603 Fine control 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,336,629 1,336,629 1,248,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795					(5
Property taxes \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,444,494 \$ 2,479,107 \$ 34,613 Franchise fees and utility taxes 387,314 387,314 387,314 387,314 387,314 32,094 Liceness and permits 30,220 30,220 30,220 134,242 104,064 Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,367,878 1,429,218 61,340 Charges for services 524,716 544,943 20,218 Impact fees - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,084,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: - - 1,957 6,603 Evaluative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 28,794 Expenditures: Current: General government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,234,651 1,239,551 988,079	Revenues:				
Franchise fees and utility taxes 387,314 387,314 387,314 410,408 23,094 Licenses and permits 30,220 30,220 30,220 134,284 104,064 Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,429,218 61,340 Fines and forefitures 26,000 26,000 44,310 18,310 Charges for services 524,716 524,716 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980 Other general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety:	Taxes:				
Licenses and permits 30,220 30,220 134,284 104,064 Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,367,878 1,329,787 1,429,218 61,340 Charges for services 524,716 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - 1,957 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980 Total general government 641,983 641,983 499,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,242,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total general government: 1,236,629 1,288,243 48,366	Property taxes	\$ 2,444,494	\$ 2,444,494	\$ 2,479,107	\$ 34,613
Intergovernmental 1,367,878 1,367,878 1,429,218 61,340 Fines and forefitures 26,000 26,000 44,310 18,310 Charges for services 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: - - 1,336,629 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: - - 1,336,629 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: - - - - - - Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,238,643 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,217,424 40,795 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 50,94,919	Franchise fees and utility taxes	387,314	387,314	410,408	23,094
Fines and forefitures 26,000 26,000 44,310 18,310 Charges for services 524,716 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4.791,822 4.791,822 5.094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980 Other general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 804,820 457,004	Licenses and permits	30,220	30,220	134,284	104,064
Charges for services 524,716 524,716 544,934 20,218 Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4.791,822 4.791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,880 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,880 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,993 7,907 Solid waste disposal 460,000 462,282 66,820 457,004	Intergovernmental	1,367,878	1,367,878	1,429,218	61,340
Impact fees - - 1,957 1,957 Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980 Finance and administrative 522,633 479,538 43,095 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,366 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 806,820 457,004	Fines and forefitures	26,000	26,000	44,310	18,310
Investment income 450 450 360 (90) Miscellaneous 10,750 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980 1,336,629 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 184,386	Charges for services	524,716	524,716	544,934	20,218
Miscellaneous 10,750 50,141 39,391 Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 172,980	Impact fees	-	-	1,957	1,957
Total revenues 4,791,822 4,791,822 5,094,719 302,897 Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,248,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: 270,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,886 <td< td=""><td>Investment income</td><td>450</td><td>450</td><td>360</td><td>(90)</td></td<>	Investment income	450	450	360	(90)
Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1 1,212,219 1,214,244 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,7	Miscellaneous	10,750	10,750	50,141	39,391
Current: General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,97 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Image: safety intervention 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 704 (2,948)	Total revenues	4,791,822	4,791,822	5,094,719	302,897
General government: Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634)	Expenditures:				
Legislative 67,735 67,735 38,941 28,794 Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,214,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Rads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: 7 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 T	Current:				
Executive 7,200 7,200 597 6,603 Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety:	General government:				
Finance and administrative 522,633 522,633 479,538 43,095 Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety:	Legislative	67,735	67,735	38,941	28,794
Other general government 641,983 641,983 469,003 172,980 Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 462,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Ne	Executive	7,200	7,200	597	6,603
Total general government 1,239,551 1,239,551 988,079 251,472 Public safety: Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Finance and administrative	522,633	522,633	479,538	43,095
Public safety: 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207	Other general government	641,983	641,983	469,003	172,980
Law enforcement 1,336,629 1,336,629 1,288,243 48,386 Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 <t< td=""><td>Total general government</td><td>1,239,551</td><td>1,239,551</td><td>988,079</td><td>251,472</td></t<>	Total general government	1,239,551	1,239,551	988,079	251,472
Fire control 1,212,219 1,212,219 1,171,424 40,795 Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606	Public safety:				
Total public safety 2,548,848 2,548,848 2,459,667 89,181 Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 - -	Law enforcement	1,336,629	1,336,629	1,288,243	48,386
Physical environment: 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0ver expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606	Fire control	1,212,219	1,212,219	1,171,424	40,795
Roads and streets 803,824 803,824 354,727 449,097 Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0ver expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Total public safety	2,548,848	2,548,848	2,459,667	89,181
Solid waste disposal 460,000 460,000 452,093 7,907 Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Physical environment:				
Total physical environment 1,263,824 1,263,824 806,820 457,004 Debt service: Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0ver expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Roads and streets	803,824	803,824	354,727	449,097
Debt service: 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0ver expenditures (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Solid waste disposal	460,000	460,000	452,093	7,907
Principal 210,000 210,000 214,634 (4,634) Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0ver expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Total physical environment	1,263,824	1,263,824	806,820	457,004
Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Debt service:				
Interest 62,256 62,256 60,570 1,686 Total debt service 272,256 272,256 275,204 (2,948) Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Principal	210,000	210,000	214,634	(4,634)
Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Interest	62,256	62,256	60,570	
Total expenditures 5,324,479 5,324,479 4,529,770 794,709 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Total debt service	272,256	272,256	275,204	(2,948)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	Total expenditures	5,324,479	5,324,479	4,529,770	
Net change in fund balance* (532,657) (532,657) 564,949 1,097,606 Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 -			· · · · ·		
Fund Balance - beginning 1,078,207 1,078,207 1,078,207 -	over expenditures	(532,657)	(532,657)	564,949	1,097,606
	Net change in fund balance*	(532,657)	(532,657)	564,949	1,097,606
Fund Balance - ending \$ 545,550 \$ 1,643,156 \$ 1,097,606	Fund Balance - beginning	1,078,207	1,078,207	1,078,207	
	Fund Balance - ending	\$ 545,550	\$ 545,550	\$ 1,643,156	\$ 1,097,606

* The net change in fund balance was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CORNERSTONE CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL

Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgetec	I Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	B0313	(Negative)
Revenues:	Original	Fillal		
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,110,625	\$ 2,181,000	\$ 2,186,181	\$ 5,181
Miscellaneous	φ 2,110,025	φ 2,101,000	ې 2,100,101 161	φ 5,181 161
		-		
Total revenues	2,110,625	2,181,000	2,186,342	5,342
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human services	1,913,625	2,097,000	2,090,517	6,483
Total expenditures	1,913,625	2,097,000	2,090,517	6,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			· · ·	· · · · · ·
over expenditures	197,000	84,000	95,825	11,825
·	<u>·</u>		· · · · ·	,
Other Financing Sources(Uses):				
Recovery of financial resources	-	100,000	100,000	
Total other financing sources(uses)	-	100,000	100,000	-
Net change in fund balance	197,000	184,000	195,825	11,825
Fund Delense beginning	00.050	00.850	00.050	
Fund Balance - beginning	90,859	90,859	90,859	- 11.005
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 287,859	\$ 274,859	\$ 286,684	\$ 11,825

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CORNERSTONE CHARTER ACADEMY

Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,558,750	\$ 6,412,280	\$ 6,412,922	\$ 642
Charges for services	144,000	178,000	180,380	2,380
Miscellaneous	200,000	125,000	125,090	90
Total revenues	6,902,750	6,715,280	6,718,392	3,112
Expenditures: Current:				
Human services	6,718,564	6,715,280	6,822,651	(107,371)
Total expenditures	6,718,564	6,715,280	6,822,651	(107,371)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	184,186		(104,259)	(104,259)
Net change in fund balance	184,186	-	(104,259)	(104,259)
Fund Balance - beginning	1,279,714	1,279,714	1,279,714	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,463,900	\$ 1,279,714	\$ 1,175,455	\$ (104,259)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2014

The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis, whereby the City may include a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as a budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior periods' excess of revenues over expenditures. Also, the City does not budget for capital outlay expenditures and other financing sources related to the acquisition of assets through capital leases.

For the 2014 fiscal year, the following adjustments were necessary to convert General Fund expenditures on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis:

			Othe	er Financing
	E>	penditures	Sour	rces (Uses)
GAAP Basis	\$	4,617,282	\$	87,512
Nonbudgeted Capital Lease Transactions		(87,512)		(87,512)
Budgetary Basis	\$	4,529,770	\$	-

The general fund had excess expenditures over appropriations in the amount of \$2,948 for the year ended September 30, 2014 for debt service. The Cornerstone Charter Academy had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$104,259 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND

STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund
This fund was established to account for the lease revenue received from the Charter Schools included as blended component units. The lease revenue is used to pay the debt service on the Series 2012 Lease Revenue Bonds issued by the City in October 2012 and repairs and maintenance as required by the bond agreement.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$-	\$-	\$ 111	\$ 111
Miscellaneous	840,000	840,000	862,972	22,972
Total revenues	840,000	840,000	863,083	23,083
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Physical environment	133,708	133,708	20,735	112,973
Debt service:				
Principal	125,000	125,000	125,000	-
Interest	570,400	570,400	570,400	-
Total expenditures	829,108	829,108	716,135	112,973
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	-	10,892	146,948	136,056
Net change in fund balance	-	10,892	146,948	136,056
Fund Balance - beginning	1,345,573	1,345,573	1,345,573	· _
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,345,573	\$ 1,356,465	\$ 1,492,521	\$ 136,056



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Transportation Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund	-	This fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development which are restricted for use in funding road construction directly related to new growth.
Stormwater Special Revenue Fund	-	This fund is used to account for stormwater management operations and related capital improvements.
Law Enforcement Education Special Revenue Fund	-	This fund is used to account for revenues received pursuant to Florida Statutes which imposes a \$2.00 court cost against persons convicted for violations of criminal statutes. Funds must be used to educate and train law enforcement personnel



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2014

		Spe						
	Transportation Impact Fee Stormwater					Law orcement lucation	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	115,316	\$	453,520	\$	14,445	\$	583,281
Other receivables		-		2,875		-		2,875
Prepaid expenses		-		-		150		150
Total assets	\$	115,316	\$	456,395	\$	14,595	\$	586,306
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		115,316		456,395		14,595		586,306
Total fund balances		115,316		456,395		14,595		586,306
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	115,316	\$	456,395	\$	14,595	\$	586,306



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		sportation pact Fee	Ste	ormwater	 Law orcement lucation	Gov	l Nonmajor rernmental Funds
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	163,173	\$ -	\$	163,173
Impact fees		2,437		-	-		2,437
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	3,633		3,633
Investment earnings		418		418	 418		1,254
Total revenues		2,855		163,591	4,051		170,497
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Physical environment		-		34,684	 -		34,684
Total expenditures		-		34,684	-		34,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		2,855		128,907	 4,051		135,813
Net change in fund balances		2,855		128,907	4,051		135,813
Fund Balances - beginning		112,461		327,488	 10,544		450,493
Fund Balances - ending	\$	115,316	\$	456,395	\$ 14,595	\$	586,306



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Il Amounts, etary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
	 Driginal		Final				
Revenues:							
Impact fees	\$ 8,580	\$	8,580	\$ 2,437	\$	(6,143)	
Investment income	 450		450	 418		(32)	
Total revenues	 9,030		9,030	 2,855		(6,175)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Physical environment:							
Roads and streets	200		200	 -		200	
Total expenditures	 200		200	 -	_	200	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	 8,830		8,830	 2,855		(5,975)	
Net change in fund balance	8,830		8,830	2,855		(5,975)	
Fund Balance - beginning	112,461		112,461	 112,461		-	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 121,291	\$	121,291	\$ 115,316	\$	(5,975)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STORMWATER FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Α	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis	Fina F	iance with Il Budget - Positive legative)
	(Original		Final				
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	142,836	\$	142,836	\$	163,173	\$	20,337
Investment income		450		450		418		(32)
Total revenues		143,286		143,286		163,591		20,305
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Physical environment:								
Roads and streets		195,400		195,400		34,684		160,716
Total expenditures		195,400		195,400		34,684		160,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(52,114)		(52,114)		128,907		181,021
Net change in fund balance		(52,114)		(52,114)		128,907		181,021
Fund Balance - beginning		327,488		327,488		327,488	_	-
Fund Balance - ending	\$	275,374	\$	275,374	\$	456,395	\$	181,021

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LAW ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Pudaotod	1.4 m	ounto		l Amounts, etary Basis	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
		Budgeted			Buuge	etary basis	(INE	Jalivej
Devenues		riginal		Final				
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,633	\$	633
Investment income		450		450		418		(32)
Total revenues		3,450		3,450		4,051		601
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety:								
Law enforcement		200		200		-		200
Total expenditures		200		200		-		200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		3,250		3,250		4,051		801
Net change in fund balance		3,250		3,250		4,051		801
Fund Balance - beginning		10,544		10,544		10,544		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$	13,794	\$	13,794	\$	14,595	\$	801



STATISTICAL SECTION

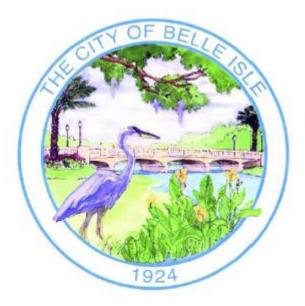


STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the *City of Belle Isle*'s comprehensive annual financial report resents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	43
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	48
These schedules contain formation to help the reader asses the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	52
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
There are no limitations placed upon the amount of debt the <i>City of Belle Isle</i> may issue by either the City Charter or the City's Code of Ordinances or by Florida Statues.	
The City of Belle Isle has no general obligation bonds outstanding.	
Demographic and Economic Information	54
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	56
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>.</u>
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,246,774	\$ 2,407,645	\$ 2,841,770	\$ 4,588,012	\$ 5,645,520	\$ 5,832,855	\$ 7,118,248	\$ 7,312,195	\$ 6,040,624	\$ 7,244,	1,583
Restricted	855,024	899,538	1,099,267	778,479	378,961	254,287	442,964	951,727	3,166,639	2,579,	},822
Unrestricted	1,713,140	2,097,127	3,287,910	1,979,832	911,654	770,409	807,189	1,072,755	1,146,711	1,618,	3,370
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 3,814,938	\$ 5,404,310	\$ 7,228,947	\$ 7,346,323	\$ 6,936,135	\$ 6,857,551	\$ 8,368,401	\$ 9,336,677	\$ 10,353,974	\$ 11,442,	2,775

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>
Expenses																				
Governmental activities: General government	\$	1,583,138	¢	959,373	\$	1.004.664	¢	995.667	¢	992,184	¢	1,037,331	¢	1,003,552	¢	836,317		\$1,425,899		\$1,184,379
Public safety	φ	1,354,690	φ	1,509,411	φ	1,799,649	φ	1,979,104	φ	1,983,858	φ	2,108,568	φ	2,214,034		2,262,930		\$1,425,699 2,425,114		\$1,164,379 2,544,994
Physical environment		685,656		889,384		1,004,728		1,158,691		1,317,831		1,246,280		1,267,319		1,240,441		1,294,967		1,268,403
Human services		000,000		003,004		1,004,720		1,150,031		1,517,051		1,240,200	F	5,428,025.00		5,938,563		6,579,138		8,307,234.00
Interest on long-term debt		61,809		56,248		98,314		106.354		97,978		94,615		83,098		82,149		594,659		628,992
Total governmental activities expense	\$	3,685,293	\$,	\$	3,907,355	\$	4,239,816	\$		\$,	\$			10,360,400	\$	5 12,319,777	\$	13,934,002
	_	-,,	Ŧ	-,,	Ŧ	-,,	Ŧ	.,,_	Ŧ	.,	Ŧ	.,,	+	-,	Ŧ	,,	•	,,.	Ŧ	,
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	18,978	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		52,158		52,841		82,202		150,089		94,515		19,798		22,065		20,800		38,077		40,943
Physical enviornment		23,026		178,492		185,990		168,283		167,983		626,175		814,619		750,586		822,231		853,785
Human services		-		-		-		-		-		-		126,182		143,114		152,388		180,380
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		698,135		862,972
Operating grants and contributions ¹		349,379		348,406		252,390		210,139		194,172		194,615		689,780		560,001		771,226		436,178
Capital grants and contributions		-		945,121		1,199,787		226,727		22,500		36,485		415,585		377,504		304,156		608,518
Total governmental activities program	¢	404 500	¢	4 504 000	¢	1 700 000	۴	755 000	¢	470 470	۴	077 070	¢	0.000.004	¢	4 070 000	¢	0 700 040	¢	0.000.770
revenues	\$	424,563	φ	1,524,860	φ	1,720,369	\$	755,238	\$	479,170	\$	877,073	\$	2,068,231	\$	1,870,983	φ	2,786,213	\$	2,982,776
Total governmental activities net expense	\$	(3,260,730)	\$ (1,889,556)	\$	(2,186,986)	\$ ((3,484,578)	\$	(3,912,681)	\$	(3,609,721)	\$	(7,927,797)	\$	(8,489,417)	\$	(9,533,564)	\$	(10,951,226)
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net	Position																		
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	\$	1,605,909	\$	1,749,543	\$	2,088,933	\$	2,102,260	\$	2,122,775	\$	2,152,842	\$	2,397,747	\$	2,386,130	\$	2,392,337	\$	2,479,107
Franchise and utility taxes		370,051		372,236		386,624		395,482		435,928		439,093		438,427		395,910		409,916		410,408
Intergovernmental-unrestricted		1,269,879		1,165,581		1,104,420		1,017,572		921,409		921,752		6,390,668		6,647,812		7,725,730		8,995,459
Investment income and Miscellaneous		84,940		191,568		431,644		86,640		22,381		17,450		211,805		27,841		49,285		155053
Total governmental activities	\$	3,330,779	\$	3,478,928	\$	4,011,621	\$	3,601,954	\$	3,502,493	\$	3,531,137	\$	9,438,647	\$	9,457,693	\$	10,577,268	\$	12,040,027
Change in Net Position																				
Governmental activities	\$	70,049	\$	1,589,372	\$	1,824,635	\$	117,376	\$	(410,188)	\$	(78,584)	\$	1,510,850	\$	968,276	\$	1,043,704	\$	1,088,801
								•		/	-	/				· · ·	-		-	<u> </u>

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Franchise Fees	
	Property Tax	and Utility Tax	Total
2005	1,605,909	370,051	1,975,960
2006	1,749,543	372,236	2,121,779
2007	2,088,933	386,624	2,475,557
2008	2,102,260	395,482	2,497,742
2009	2,121,051	412,874	2,533,925
2010	2,152,842	439,093	2,591,935
2011	2,397,747	438,427	2,836,174
2012	2,382,619	388,468	2,771,087
2013	2,392,337	409,916	2,802,253
2014	2,479,107	410,408	2,889,515

Source Orange County Tax Collector

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
General fund								
Reserved	\$ 871,832	\$	899,538	\$ 382,227	\$ 385,653	\$ -	\$ -	
Unreserved	2,477,265		2,903,480	2,134,491	1,574,689	943,699	785,854	
Total General fund	\$ 3,349,097	\$ 3	3,803,018	\$ 2,516,718	\$ 1,960,342	\$ 943,699	\$ 785,854	
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	\$-	\$	-	\$ 717,040	\$ 392,826	\$ -	\$ -	
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special Revenue funds	-		134,721	170,834	430,538	378,961	254,287	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ -	\$	134,721	\$ 887,874	\$ 823,364	\$ 378,961	\$ 254,287	

Note: Prior to 2006, the City had only one fund, the General Fund.

General Fund	
Nonspendable	\$ - \$ 171,605 \$ 1,815 \$ 1,353
Assigned	822,976 719,039 532,657 -
Unassigned	- 224,677 543,735 1,641,803
Total General Fund	\$ 822,976 \$ 1,115,321 \$ 1,078,207 \$ 1,643,156
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Assigned	\$ - \$ 61,250 \$ 277,303 \$ 153,226
Restricted	<u>692,964</u> 895,277 2,889,336 3,387,740
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 692,964 </u> \$ 956,527 \$ 3,166,639 \$ 3,540,966

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$ 1,605,909	\$ 1,749,543	\$ 2,088,933	\$ 2,102,260	\$ 2,122,775	\$ 2,152,842	\$ 2,397,747	\$ 2,386,130		\$ 2,479,107
Franchise and utility	370,051	372,236	386,624	395,482	435,928	439,093	438,427	395,910	409,916	410,408
Licenses and permits	23,026	42,374	39,604	25,522	8,235	40,366	151,377	114,745	119,342	134,284
Intergovernmental revenues	4,391,917	2,367,395	2,556,597	1,454,438	1,138,081	1,152,852	7,823,267	7,585,317	8,692,337	10,028,321
Charges for services	-	130,266	142,096	134,016	146,988	561,417	629,298	772,144	826,483	888,487
Impact fees	-	4,455	4,290	8,745	12,760	24,255	34,045	7,315	29,138	4,394
Fines and forfeitures	52,158	52,841	82,202	150,089	94,515	19,935	21,611	20,296	37,733	47,943
Investment Income	51,470	159,258	217,601	83,174	9,396	12,487	3,646	6,359	4,739	1,725
Miscellaneous	33,470	244,025	214,043	13,233	12,985	4,963	7,460	40,460	742,956	1,038,364
Total revenues	6,528,001	5,122,393	5,731,990	4,366,959	3,981,663	4,408,210	11,506,878	11,328,676	13,254,981	15,033,033
Expenditures:										
General government	1,542,386	1,052,145	3,616,583	1,378,561	1,484,293	1,032,000	1,006,852	879,717	8,815,568	988,079
Public safety	1,354,690	1,509,411	1,799,649	1,979,104	2,189,801	2,136,974	2,221,937	2,273,447	2,453,318	2,547,179
Physical environment	908,484	1,698,898	1,990,489	1,260,211	1,547,861	1,154,566	1,290,521	860,574	1,251,898	862,239
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,354,123	6,092,366	6,852,622	8,913,168
Debt Service:										
Principal	202,461	209,831	259,915	272,780	287,512	284,324	315,127	575,355	298,326	339,634
Interest	68,905	63,466	106,270	114,785	106,387	103,865	92,519	91,309	600,563	630,970
Bond issuance costs	-	-	32,818	-	-	-	-	-	434,688	-
Total expenditures	4,076,926	4,533,751	7,805,724	5,005,441	5,615,854	4,711,729	11,281,079	10,772,768	20,706,983	14,281,269
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	2,451,075	588,642	(2,073,734)	(638,482)	(1,634,191)	(303,519)	225,799	555,908	(7,452,002)	751,764
Other Financing Sources:										
Capital lease	61,500	-	45,261	17,596	173,145	21,000	-	-	-	87,512
Bonds/Notes issued	-	-	1,480,000	-	-	-	250,000	-	9,625,000	100,000
Premium on bonds	-	-	15,326	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources	61,500	-	1,540,587	17,596	173,145	21,000	250,000	-	9,625,000	187,512
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,512,575	\$ 588,642	\$ (533,147)	\$ (620,886)	\$ (1,461,046)	\$ (282,519)	\$ 475,799	\$ 555,908	\$ 2,172,998	\$ 939,276
Debt service as a % of noncapital expenditures	8.76%	8.58%	11.13%	9.13%	9.19%	8.99%	3.78%	6.52%	11.54%	7.47%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total * Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2005	425,763,108	7,299,724	433,062,832	3.6655	699,333,981	61.93%
2006	482,682,718	13,865,998	496,548,716	3.6655	908,326,364	54.67%
2007	569,227,451	15,679,104	584,906,555	3.6655	941,699,554	62.11%
2008	620,697,374	16,023,977	636,721,351	3.4068	629,330,040	98.84%
2009	615,305,721	17,587,224	632,892,945	3.5378	687,514,038	92.06%
2010	576,519,592	18,456,856	594,976,448	3.7432	618,183,229	96.25%
2011	547,396,958	18,999,294	566,396,252	4.4018	591,737,558	95.72%
2012	541,210,654	18,248,983	559,459,637	4.4018	561,857,096	99.57%
2013	543,214,623	18,057,560	561,272,183	4.4018	562,034,022	99.86%
2014	562,918,210	18,467,610	581,385,820	4.4018	584,568,215	99.46%

Source:

Orange County Property Appraiser

* Breakdown between residential & commercial not available

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

	Direct(1)		Total Direct				
Fiscal	City of	Orange	School	County	St. Johns	Lake Conway	& Overlapping
Year	Belle Isle	County	Board	Library	WMD	MSTU	Rates
2005	3.6655	5.1639	7.7610	0.4352	0.4620	0.4729	17.9605
2006	3.6655	5.1639	8.0635	0.4325	0.4620	0.4729	18.2603
2007	3.6655	5.1639	7.1690	0.4325	0.4620	0.4729	17.3658
2008	3.4068	4.4347	7.1500	0.3748	0.4158	0.4107	16.1928
2009	3.5378	4.4347	7.1500	0.3748	0.4158	0.4107	16.3238
2010	3.7432	4.4347	7.6730	0.3748	0.4158	0.4107	17.0522
2011	4.4018	4.4347	7.8940	0.3748	0.4158	0.4107	17.9318
2012	4.4018	4.4347	8.5450	0.3748	0.3313	0.4107	18.4983
2013	4.4018	4.4347	8.4780	0.3748	0.3313	0.4107	18.4313
2014	4.4018	4.4347	8.3620	0.3748	0.3283	0.4107	18.3123

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Millage Rates (\$1 per \$1,000 of taxable value)

(1) The direct rate is for operating millage. There is no debt service millage.

(2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Belle Isle.

Source: Orange County Tax Collector

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2014			2005	
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Taxpayer	Value	INALIK	Value	Value	INAIIK	Value
Regal Marine	7,222,133	1	1.24%	-	-	-
Belle Isle Commons	7,213,127	2	1.24%	-	-	-
Legacy Holdings	6,165,060	3	1.06%	-	-	-
Duke Energy Florida	5,896,895	4	1.01%	-	-	-
Marketing Business Associates	5,815,689	5	1.00%	-	-	-
Sri Balaji Hotels	4,308,602	6	0.74%	-	-	-
McCoy Enterprises Group	4,070,900	7	0.70%	-	-	-
Emerald Eagles	3,471,600	8	0.60%	-	-	-
McCoy Federal Credit Union	3,028,221	9	0.52%	3,129,103	4	0.72%
Harrell Roberts	2,359,999	10	0.41%		-	
C & P Global Enterprise, Inc.	-		-	4,673,117	1	1.08%
Kuck, Paul	-		-	3,475,614	2	0.80%
Efesos Properties	-		-	3,155,291	3	0.73%
Daryl M. Carter, Jr.	-		-	3,079,069	5	0.71%
Tandiono, Ferry Jr.	-		-	2,885,960	6	0.67%
E-Z Rent A Car, Inc.	-		-	2,610,941	7	0.60%
McCoy Condominium Investments				2,513,548	8	0.58%
Eck 36 Hoffner LLC	-		-	2,366,252	9	0.55%
LaSalle Bank NATR	-			2,327,689	10	0.54%
	\$ 49,552,226	:	8.52%	\$ 30,216,584	:	6.98%

Source: Orange County Property Appraiser 2005 City of Belle Isle CAFR

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected Witl Year of t			Total Collections to Date		
	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2005	1,587,392	1,576,653	99.32%	334	1,576,987	99.34%	
2006	1,820,099	1,699,855	93.39%	-	1,699,855	93.39%	
2007	2,146,612	2,088,933	97.31%	1,232	2,090,165	97.37%	
2008	2,169,182	2,102,260	96.91%	1,576	2,103,836	96.99%	
2009	2,239,049	2,119,584	94.66%	2,576	2,122,190	94.78%	
2010	2,227,116	2,144,861	96.31%	-	2,144,861	96.99%	
2011	2,493,163	2,390,974	95.90%	1,454	2,392,428	95.96%	
2012	2,462,629	2,386,130	96.89%	-	2,386,130	96.89%	
2013	2,471,814	2,392,337	96.78%	-	2,392,337	96.78%	
2014	2,566,675	2,479,107	96.59%	-	2,479,107	96.78%	

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmenta	al Activities	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per	
	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Government	Income ¹	Capita	
2005	1,690,000	96,256	1,786,256	*	293	
2006	1,515,000	61,425	1,576,425	0.73%	259	
2007	2,775,000	66,771	2,841,771	1.36%	483	
2008	2,540,000	46,587	2,586,587	1.24%	440	
2009	2,300,000	172,220	2,472,220	1.33%	435	
2010	2,045,000	163,896	2,208,896	0.87%	337	
2011	1,785,000	108,769	1,893,769	0.77%	316	
2012	1,510,000	58,414	1,568,414	0.54%	257	
2013	10,860,328	45,088	10,905,416	4.24%	1703	
2014	10,559,326	92,966	10,652,292	3.89%	1659	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

- 1 See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.
- * Information is not available.

PLEDGE - REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2002C Revenue Bonds					20	03B Revenu	e Bonds		2012 Lease Revenue Bonds			
Fiscal Year	Half-Cent	Debt S	ervice		Communication	Debt S	ervice		Lease	Debt S	ervice	
Ended Sept 30,	Sales Tax	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Service Taxes	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2005	863,036	85,000	33,138	7.31	247,247	85,000	28,271	2.18	-	-	-	
2006	875,891	85,000	30,481	7.58	247,459	90,000	26,521	2.12	-	-	-	
2007	828,086	90,000	29,082	6.95	259,064	95,000	26,034	2.14	-	-	-	
2008	779,290	90,000	24,546	6.80	259,206	95,000	22,262	2.21	-	-	-	
2009	688,169	95,000	22,030	5.88	300,757	95,000	21,472	2.58	-	-	-	
2010	694,066	100,000	17,850	5.89	276,677	100,000	18,860	2.33	-	-	-	
2011	751,309	105,000	11,625	6.44	255,377	100,000	14,956	2.22	-	-	-	
2012	776,496	110,000	6,800	6.65	252,981	105,000	11,816	2.17	-	-	-	
2013	833,187	115,000	2,300	7.10	266,822	110,000	12,788	2.17	698,135	-	532,373	1.31
2014	-	-	-	-	248,568	110,000	2,888	2.20	862,972	125,000	570,400	1.24

Notes:

The City made last payment on 2002C debt in 2013.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Dan Oanita		Education Level	
	Population	Personal Income ¹	Per Capita Personal Income ¹	Median Age ¹	In Years of Formal Schooling ¹	Unemployment Rate ¹
2005	6,087	*	*	*	*	*
2006	6,087	214,877,187	35,301	42.7	14.5	3.00%
2007	5,881	208,328,544	35,424	43.0	14.3	4.50%
2008	5,881	208,328,544	35,424	43.0	14.3	4.50%
2009	5,678	185,295,852	32,634	44.8	14.2	6.77%
2010	6,553	254,236,741	38,797	43.8	14.4	12.0%
2011	5,988	245,831,352	41,054	43.7	13.4	1.80%
2012	6,111	289,673,622	47,402	32.8	14.2	9.80%
2013	6,404	257,402,376	40,194	46.1	14.3	9.90%
2014	6,422	274,090,960	42,680	47.5	14.7	7.70%

* Data not available

¹ Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission or U.S. Census Bureau

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2014		2005					
			Percentage of			Percentage of			
			Total City			Total City			
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment			
Employer									
Regal Boats	453	1	7.05%						
Cornerstone Charter	105	2	1.64%						
La Petite	17	3	0.26%						
CVS	17	4	0.26%						
Starbucks	17	5	0.26%						
Quality Inn	15	6	0.23%						
RaceTrac	15	7	0.23%						
Travel Lodge	14	8	0.22%						
Wendys	13	9	0.20%						
Comfort Suites	12	10	0.19%						
				*	1	*			
				*	2	*			
				*	3	*			
	-			*	4	*			
	-			*	5	*			
	-			*	6	*			
	-			*	7	*			
	-			*	8	*			
	-			*	9	*			
	-			*	10	*			
Total	678		10.56%	*		*			

Source: Field inspection

2014 The City of Belle Isle has a population of 6422

* Data not available

FULL - TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
General Government	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	6	5
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	5	5	5	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police Department	-	-	-	-	12	12	20	14	16	16
Total	9	10	10	9	20	19	27	20	24	23

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
General Government										
License/Permit Reviews	1124	645	795	501	907	575	1170	1450	1195	1326
Occupational Licenses Issued	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100
Employees paid	55	59	70	64	99	30	27	39	41	41
Public Safety										
Parking violations	*	14	170	237	131	99	56	48	24	34
Highways & Streets										
Streets paved (miles)	23.5	23.5	23.5	24	24	22	25	25	25	25
Streets resurfaced (tons/asphalt)									7.5	7.5
Sidewalks/bike paths built or repaired (feet)	25	25	25	7085	194	262	262	1200	2200	2200

* Data not available

Source: City of Belle Isle Finance Dept.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Highways & Streets										
Streets - paved (miles)	23.3	23.3	24	24	24	22	25	25	25	25
Streets - unpaved (miles)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Street lights	660	660	667	671	671	671	740	740	740	740
Parks and Recreation										
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3

* Data not available

Source: City of Belle Isle Public Works Dept.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION



MCDIRMIT /// DAVIS CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners *City of Belle Isle, Florida*

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the *City of Belle Isle, Florida's* internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the *City of Belle Isle, Florida* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance, or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida February 16, 2015



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Commission *City of Belle Isle, Florida*

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the *City of Belle Isle*, *Florida*, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2015.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports dated February 16, 2015 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the noted to the financial statements.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the *City of Belle Isle, Florida* has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the *City of Belle Isle, Florida* did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the *City* of *Belle Isle, Florida*'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the *City of Belle Isle, Florida* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statues, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information of the *Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General,* Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida February 16, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners *City of Belle Isle, Florida*

We have examined City of Belle Isle, Florida's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2014. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, City of Belle Isle, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2014.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida February 16, 2015





Honorable Mayor and City Commission *City of Belle Isle, Florida, Florida*

We have audited the financial statements of the *City of Belle Isle, Florida, Florida* for the year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2015. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated October 31, 2014, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of significant accounting policies adopted by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2014. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate for the allowance for deprecation is based on the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. We evaluated the reasonableness of the useful lives as well as the depreciation methods in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of our audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 16, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management has informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the City's auditors.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commission and management of the City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

McDirmit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida February 16, 2015





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The *City of Belle Isle, Florida* has complied with Section 163.31801 of Florida Statutes regarding an accounting reporting of impact fee collections and expenditures.

Keith Severns City Manager

